

operations is growing. The dealers charge the roads with treachery, while the railroad says the dealers are giving away to a bad case of coal panic.

It was admitted by Vice-President Richards of the Reading company that the reserve supply was not to be freely used to supply orders and that demands for coal were being refused.

"Everybody seems to have gone coal mad," this official said. "Any one who has any money at all seems to want to turn it into coal. If we supplied all orders we soon would have our large reserve stock exhausted. We do not intend to give of this reserve to either corporations or private citizens for hoarding. It was created for an emergency and will only be used when the necessity arises. When coal is actually needed we will do all we can to give relief."

He shall not raise the price of our coal, and, of course, under conditions which prevent us receiving any more coal we shall not declare the usual reduction. Where we find dealer selling coal to speculate with that is, to obtain exorbitant prices from the public, we shall sell him no more coal.

"All the coal shipped in the last two days has been seized by the railroad."

**TO CALL OFF STRIKE TO-DAY.**

Thought Likely That Men and Operators Will Reach Agreement.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 2.—The statement was made to-day by one of the most prominent of the local coal operators that he has good reason to believe that at the conference in New York to-morrow between the coal operators and the representatives of the miners the latter, through John Mitchell, will make an offer to resume work on a new wage scale allowing them an increase of 5 per cent., and that the offer will be accepted as the easiest way out of the trouble. This operator went on to say the trouble is not made and accepted as he believes that the strike will soon be ended anyway, as it is not likely to continue longer than a month.

It does not meet with the approval of the miners and it will be hard to hold them together for any great length of time.

Another story that was put in circulation by an operator to-day was to the effect that at to-morrow's conference Mitchell will propose to the operators to accept an offer to continue the award of the strike commission for a year. The story runs that this offer will be accepted by the operators and will be acceptable to them. They seem to think that a settlement for a year would mean nothing for them. They desire an understanding that will continue for a term of years, so that labor and business conditions may have time to approach the normal before another agitation is begun.

Another operator, James M. Shepherd, the principal owner of the Oxford colliery, the only one operating full time in the region, remarked that he could not help feel that the end was very near. Within a week, Mr. Shepherd said, he believed that the conclusion of the suspension would be reached.

President Nichols of district 1, one of the most conservative leaders of workmen, said before leaving for New York this afternoon that he felt that at to-morrow's conference everything will be amicably arranged and that the miners will soon return to work.

**WISCONSIN, Pa., April 2.—**This order suspending work in the anthracite regions issued by President Mitchell of the Mine Workers' Union was unanimously obeyed by the union men this morning. All the collieries in this section of the region were shut down and only the steam makers, engineers and pump runners, whose duty it is to keep the mines free from water, were at work.

The union officials estimate the men idle at 13,000. This number includes the union men, the large number of boys ineligible for membership and the men who are not members of the union, but who are expected to remain idle as long as the union men do. The gates of the collieries were open, but no one passed through them, except the men required to keep the collieries from being damaged, and the fire bosses, foremen and other petty officials of the companies.

The whole situation here is one of waiting to see whether the strike is ordered. If it is activity will ensue in many directions for the companies which have washeries will endeavor to work them and other companies will run their mines if they get enough workers.

The operators are chiefly concerned now about Mitchell's attitude in case of a strike. A large number of mine workers deposited money in the banks to-day, having been paid on Saturday. They invariably expressed the hope that they would not have to draw out any of this money, and added that they had been able to save more money in the last three years than in any previous period.

**STRIKE HITS R. R. EMPLOYEES.**

One Coal Carrying Road in the West Lays Off Five Hundred Men.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Wage workers to-day began to feel the first results of the coal strike. The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad company, considered to be one of the biggest coal carrying roads entering Chicago, laid off 500 men in the car and locomotive shops in Dalton, Danville and Oakland. Several hundred train and yard men engaged in handling the coal traffic have also been temporarily dismissed.

Other local lines have taken no decisive action as yet, but it is probable that a great number of employees will be laid off during the strike continue for any considerable length of time. G. A. Goodnow, general manager of the Chicago and Alton Railway, said to-day that the company would utilize the slackness in business in catching up with equipment work.

"If the strike should continue for more than thirty days," he said, "it is probable that we would lay off in the neighborhood of 1,000 men."

Officials of the Illinois Central Railroad said their future course would depend on conditions as they developed in the strike. Three hundred and fifty men in Illinois were on the list of those closed to-day. About 53,000 miners are involved in the strike instructions issued at Springfield.

**DOLAN RUCKS CONVENTION.**

Tells Men to Stay Out of Mines for Which Scale Was Signed.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 2.—Despite the fact that the Pittsburgh Coal Company and eight independent companies signed the scale to-day, President Patrick Dolan notified all local units of the miners' union to remain idle until the matter is properly settled. Dolan maintains that he is president of the district and no scale can be signed except by him. The scale signed to-day was presented to the operators by a committee appointed by the convention which is at war with Dolan.

As a result of Dolan's notification the Pittsburgh district to-day is badly mixed. About one-half of the miners employed in the mines which were signed for to-day hold allegiance to Dolan and declare they will not work and will use their best endeavors to bring out all men who do go to work. The companies which signed in addition to the Pittsburgh Coal Company were the Ellsworth, Crescent, Mifflin, People's, Marine, Steen, Vesta and Ditworth. With the exception of the Ellsworth and People's

companies, the others are all small. The Ellsworth is owned and operated by the Jones & Laughlin Company.

**SOFT COAL OPERATORS FIRM.**

Think That a Strike in Anthracite Fields Will Be Disastrous to the Men.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 2.—Though the strike of the bituminous miners in the fields of Indiana, Illinois and Ohio has been formally inaugurated and the miners have removed all their tools and other belongings from the mines, indicating that they are prepared to stand by the demands made by their organization, there are no signs of a break among the operators who opposed the increase in wages at the recent conference.

The idea of the operators is that the conduct of a strike in the anthracite field, which they regard as certain, will prove a heavy burden upon the miners' organization, for it will be the few men at work who will have to support the main side, and it may be that a few days may bring a change in the policy of the organization.

**MINERS CALLED OUT TO MUSIC.**

Three Thousand Join Parade That Is Headed by a Brass Band.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 2.—At Windsor to-day the town was invaded at daybreak by about 1,000 union men from Beaverdale and other surrounding towns with a brass band. They paraded the streets of the town and insisted on the 5,000 employees of the Berwyn-White mines, whom they have been trying for weeks to get into the union, to join with them. About 8,000 Berwyn-White men refused to go to work and joined in the parade, marching through Windsor and several surrounding towns. They declare they will take every man out of the mines to-morrow, and the company of State constabulary at Greensburg, Troop A, is in instant readiness to move to the scene of trouble if it should be needed.

**SIGNS POINT TO A SETTLEMENT.**

TAMAHOQUE, Pa., April 2.—Men employed by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad on the coal runs, who are leaving the region because of the fear of a strike, were to-day officially informed that they had better remain a few days and make sure that there was going to be a strike before giving up their places and leaving for other fields. The men take this to mean that the Reading company believes that a strike will be averted.

**CUP FOR MR. GUGGENHEIM.**

Sydenham Hospital Trustees Acknowledge His Donation of \$250,000.

A silver loving cup was presented to Isaac Guggenheim, chairman of the finance committee of the Sydenham Hospital, at a dinner given last night at the Harmonie Club. The dinner was in honor of Mr. Guggenheim, President William J. Spiegelberg of the hospital board and the board of directors. The hosts were the members of the medical staff.

The hospital, which was established about three years ago, is located at 339-349 East 116th street. At a recent meeting of the board of directors a gift of \$250,000 from Mr. Guggenheim was announced. He has also promised to build a new home for the hospital, whenever its patronage warrants the outlay.

Mr. Spiegelberg and Mr. Guggenheim are about to leave for Europe. Last night's dinner was in the way of a goodbye. Among the guests were Mr. Spiegelberg, Mr. Guggenheim, Mr. Commissioner Samuel Straubinger, Dr. Parker Syme, Dr. Robert Kunitzer and Congressman William Sulzer.

President Spiegelberg said that while the hospital has no marble halls or tiled floors, its friends expected to see them—yet, not yet, but soon.

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**Proposal to Abolish Bridge Tolls.**

The Aldermen's Committee on Bridges and Tunnels gave a public hearing yesterday on the resolution to abolish tolls on the Brooklyn and Williamsburg bridges. Bridge Commissioner Stevenson opposed the proposition, which was introduced at a recent meeting of the Aldermen by Borough President Ahearn. Mr. Stevenson said that the tolls were necessary to keep the bridges in repair and to pay the interest on the bonds issued for their construction.

**New Chaplain for Columbia.**

At a meeting of the trustees of Columbia University, held yesterday the Rev. Alexis W. Stein, now rector of Christ Church, Fitchburg, Mass., was chosen to be chaplain of the University. Mr. Stein was graduated from Columbia College in 1881, and from the General Theological Seminary in 1883. He served for several years under the Rev. Dr. Rainsford at St. George's Church in this city.

**An Honest and Anonymous Man.**

Henry F. Thiemann, who lives in Palisade avenue, Jersey City, lost \$117 in the street a few days ago. He advertised in a local paper and a poor but honest man who had picked up the money saw the advertisement. He took the money to the Sixth precinct station and the police later returned it to Thiemann. The finder did not give his name.

**If Run down from overwork, physical or mental, drink a wine-glass of**

**Welch's Grape Juice**

before each meal and one before retiring. It will soon put you in working trim. It's a tonic that builds rather than stimulates. Welch's is always pure and unfermented.

Sold by druggists and grocers everywhere. Beware of cheap imitations. Welch's Grape Juice Co., Westfield, N. Y.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.**

Take LAXATIVE BRONCHIAL TABLETS. Drug-Store, 100 West 10th St., New York. Price, 25c. Adm.

**THE business-world requires three standards of typewriting—speed, accuracy and economy. Documents to be preserved, copied, for correspondence, and red for emphasis and in billing.**

**The New Tri-Chrome Smith Premier Typewriter produces all three with one machine and one ribbon. Simply touch a lever and the proper ribbon is in place.**

No increase in price for this new model. The Smith Premier Typewriter Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

they are small and unimportant. The Vesta is owned and furnished coal exclusively for the Jones & Laughlin Company.

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## GOT MINNEAPOLIS LOOTER

WHO TRIED TO BURY HIMSELF IN ALIASES HERE.

Detectives Grab Wainwright in the Street, Throw Him Down and Find a Colt's Automatic on Him—Much Jewelry Stolen From Dr. Pinault Recovered.

Charged with having stolen jewelry, silverware, stocks and bonds valued at \$100,000 from Dr. Nicholas J. Pinault, a surgeon of Minneapolis, Thomas J. Wainwright, who was at one time employed as a caretaker by the doctor, was looked up at Police Headquarters last night. The arrest was made at the request of Chief Doyle of the Minneapolis police by Detective Dougherty of the Pinkertons and Detective Sergeant Murphy.

Dr. Pinault lives at 1106 Mount Curve avenue, Minneapolis. He goes to Pass Christian in the winter. This winter Wainwright answered his advertisement for a caretaker. He produced satisfactory recommendations, now thought to have been forged, and got the place.

Wainwright was left in sole charge and after the doctor had gone proceeded to pack up everything valuable that could be carried away in trunks. He also forged the doctor's signature to an order on the Minneapolis Safe Deposit Company, and obtained access to the doctor's box in the vaults, from which he took everything negotiable. Some of the securities he disposed of at once and Dr. Pinault first learned of the robbery when a bank in St. Cloud telegraphed him that certain stock bearing his name had been sold.

The doctor returned to Minneapolis to find that his house had been stripped. The caretaker had left town with a woman.

Detective Dougherty found that Wainwright's trunks had come to New York over the Pennsylvania line and had been forwarded to Boston. He traced them back to New York again and to a boarding house in Forty-sixth street near Fifth avenue. He found the boarding house last Saturday, but Wainwright had moved. Dougherty found that he had given some stuff on consignment to Wrono & Wrono, jewellers and dealers in antiques. At the shop it was learned that Wainwright had represented himself as a lawyer just returned from settling an estate in France and said that the jewelry he wished to dispose of had been given him in part payment. He took the dealers to a safe deposit place near by, where he had rented a box. He took out what appeared to be an ancient parchment written in French, from which he read some description of the estate he had been sent to settle. Then he showed the jewelry.

On March 19, and at that time Wainwright was living at the Hotel Manhattan under the name of James A. Stewart. His safe deposit box was in the name of W. J. Tyler.

The detectives found out about the box on Friday, and yesterday Wainwright, who had lived in the house in Forty-sixth street under the name of J. W. Williams, was traced by a check which Wrono & Wrono had given him as James A. Stewart and which as Stewart he had indorsed to William E. Chet, who passed through a branch of the Commercial Exchange, where it had gone to the credit of "Louis P. Chet."

Through the bank Chet was traced to a house in Fifty-eighth street near Broadway. Yesterday afternoon the detectives looked the place over and were about to go away when a man answering the description of Wainwright went in. Dougherty remained on guard and sent his companion to telephone to a hotel where a Minneapolis detective and the superintendent of Dr. Pinault's estate were.

Before these men could arrive the suspect came out, got a cab and had the cabman bring out a heavy trunk. Dougherty arrested Wainwright just as he was about to step into the cab.

At the house in Forty-sixth street the detectives had been told by the landlady that "Williams" always slept with a huge revolver under his pillow. The detectives were taking no chances. They threw him down and searched him at once. Suspended around his neck in a holster was a Colt's automatic, which was valued at \$400. In his pocket were twelve more.

Among the jewelry which the detectives recovered was a large antique brooch set with 400 small diamonds, valued at \$5,000. There was also a watch said to have been owned and worn by Cardinal Richelieu. Among other things were a valuable pendant, a diamond brooch, an antique pearl brooch, a gold bracelet set with diamonds, emeralds and rubies, an emerald and diamond cluster ring of 12 stones and a diamond brooch.

The police have a list of seventy other pieces of jewelry which they expect to recover with Wainwright's help. Valuable pieces of jewelry were taken from the house Wainwright said he had given to women at various places.

Wainwright is 30 years old and of good appearance. He is believed to belong to a good Boston family and to have been a practicing lawyer in that city.

**Nominations by the President.**

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Army—Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel, John P. Wisner, detailed as inspector, Artillery Corps; surgeon to be Deputy Surgeon-General, with rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, Major John M. Banister, assistant surgeon to be surgeon, with rank of Major, Capt. Alexander S. Clark.

Treasury—To be collector of customs for the district of Niagara, N. Y., John A. Merritt of New York; to be collector of customs for the district of Castine, Me., John M. Vogel of Maine.

Navy—Paymaster to be pay inspector, Eugene D. Ryan.

State—To be Commissioner of the District of Columbia, Henry B. Macfarland of the District of Columbia; to be Consul at Birmingham, England, Halsted C. Smith of the District of Columbia, vice Marshal Halsted, resigned; to be secretary of the Embassy to Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, George L. Lorillard of Rhode Island; to be secretary of the Legation at Copenhagen, Denmark, Charles Richardson of Massachusetts.

Post Office—To be Postmaster at Jersey City, N. J., Charles S. Robinson, Princeton, N. J.; to be Postmaster at Schenectady, N. Y., George R. Adams, Brodway, N. Y.; to be Postmaster at Washington, D. C., Benjamin F. Barnes of New Jersey.

**Answered an Ad: Says She Was Held Prisoner.**

Margaret Kranz, a seventeen-year-old girl living with her uncle at 131 Ridge street, Long Island City, told him yesterday that she went to Mrs. Marie Lee's house at 158 East 118th street on Thursday last in answer to an advertisement, and was made a prisoner and shamefully treated by men that came to the house. Her uncle came over here and had Mrs. Lee arrested last night.

**A Boy to Congressman Herbert Parsons.**

WASHINGTON, April 2.—A new member was added to the New York delegation in Washington to-day. A boy was born this morning to Representative Herbert Parsons. He has two other children. Both mother and child are doing well.

## Panic-Proof Investments.

The inexperienced soon discover that it is difficult to place funds so that principal and interest are absolutely safe—and where, in time of panic, there is no shrinkage in value.

Such an investment—one that has never failed—is a first mortgage on New York City real estate, with principal and interest guaranteed by this Company.

**No investor has ever lost a dollar.**

**BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.**

Capital & Surplus, \$5,000,000.

146 Broadway, New York.  
175 REXSON ST., Brooklyn.

**ST. LUKE'S OLD SEXTON OUT.**

Who Spent Two Years Emptying the Old Downtown Graveyard.

Thomas Brennan, native of the old American section of the town known as Greenwich Village, has resigned as sexton of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church, at Convent avenue and West 141st street. He had been sexton eighteen years and a member of the church forty years, and the cause of his resignation, according to his friends, was the antagonistic attitude of a large number of the new members of the congregation. The old parishioners stuck by him and the pastor of the church, the Rev. Dr. John T. Patey, gave him farewell tearfully.

The friends of the sexton say that William C. Lester, who is a vestryman of the church, forced the sexton out. Early in the winter Mr. Lester had a red velvet carpet put in the middle aisle of the church, in which there were three old fashioned floor registers conveying heat from the basement. The sexton and the man who laid the carpet suggested that to get the heat into the middle of the church it would be necessary to cut holes in the carpet over the registers. Mr. Lester objected, according to the sexton, and worshippers along the middle aisle were told to get up and move their feet.

Mr. Brennan yesterday said that he had gone up from his old home in the Ninth ward, where his children had been educated, at the request of the Rev. Isaac H. Tuttle, pastor of the original St. Luke's, now a chapel of Trinity. That was in 1892.

Trinity would not buy the old St. Luke's until all the 900 bodies of the old American parishioners that had been buried in the graveyard had been removed. The sexton, who is an undertaker, spent nearly two years exhuming the bodies, receiving \$100 a week for his labor. For all this work and his subsequent services to the church, he says, he got \$234 a day. Out of this he was recently asked to hire an undertaker to pay for the removal of the church. This is one of the things that prompted him to hand in his resignation.

Vestryman Lester said yesterday: "There has been no trouble in the church at all. Mr. Brennan has not been cleaning the church properly, and we told him so. He got mad and resigned. He thought that we would let him go, but we did not. That is all there is to it."

Mr. Brennan has a letter of high commendation from the Rev. Dr. Patey.

**HELEN POTTS HALL LOSES.**

Hartford Keeps His Stock in the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company.

The claim set up by Helen Potts Hall, divorced wife of Blakely Hall, for one-third of the \$350,000 in stock of the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company which George A. Hartford received in the settlement of the estate of his partner, George P. Gilman, was disallowed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Fitzgerald.

Mrs. Hall, who lived with Gilman at his residence, Black Rock, Conn., made a claim against his estate for the entire fortune, amounting to considerably over \$1,000,000, alleging that he had promised to leave her everything out of his estate.

There was much litigation in consequence, but finally a compromise was reached, by which she received \$200,000 and \$400,000 in stock of the tea company. At the same time Hartford's claim as a partner with Gilman in the business was settled for \$1,000,000, and the common and \$150,000 in preferred stock.

Mrs. Hall then brought suit against him, alleging that there was an understanding between them that she was to get one-third of whatever he got in the settlement. Hartford denied knowledge of any such agreement and Justice Fitzgerald, in dismissing her complaint, said that the proof of whatever he got in the settlement was very indefinite and uncertain. All the facts and circumstances, he says, appeal to the conscience of the court, which required the exercise of the court's discretion, and therefore he dismisses the complaint, feeling that if there was no intentional deception of Hartford, the court should not be asked to disclose the material facts to warrant the denial of the relief sought by Mrs. Hall.

**Lotos Club Not to Move.**

At the annual meeting of the board of directors of the Lotos Club last night it was decided that the club will not remove from its present quarters, at 556 Fifth avenue. The building will be remodelled.

**Telephone Growth.**

That every telephone added to a system increases the value of the service to all telephone users, and that the larger the system the more useful and desirable the service, is evidenced by the wonderful telephone gain still going on in New York City, which has now twice as many telephones as any other City in the world.

**3,105 Telephones**

were gained in Manhattan and The Bronx during March.

**Over 194,000 Telephones**

are in service and under contract in these two Boroughs alone. Are you a subscriber to this wonderfully comprehensive system? Rates are low.

**New York Telephone Co.**

15 Dey Street.

## TAFT HEARS FROM THE ISTHMIANS

BREAK IN RESERVOIR AT COLON WORRIES HIM A LITTLE.

Engineers Staff Has Removed to Culebra—Panama Railroad Not Equal Yet to the Demands Upon It—Net Earnings Less—Director in Place of Parsons.

Secretary Taft came over from Washington yesterday afternoon, attended the annual meeting of the Panama Railroad Company and left in the early evening for Tuskegee, Ala., where he is to deliver an address at Tuskegee Institute. At the conclusion of the railroad meeting he talked at some length of canal prospects on the Isthmus.

"As far as I can learn," he said, "everything is progressing there generally in a highly satisfactory condition. I've no doubt Chief Engineer Stevens has his troubles. These are bound to come, but affairs are in much better shape there than ever before."

"The only disquieting news I have heard is that there has been a break in one of our new reservoirs at Colon. I don't know how serious it is, for I have not received an answer to a message I sent to Stevens for particulars. I am in hopes, though, that it can be repaired, for the problem of providing an adequate water supply has presented a great many difficulties. The dry season there is absolutely dry. Not a drop of water falls, and it is absolutely essential that an adequate supply be stored against this season, if healthful conditions are to be maintained. How the people manage to survive at all on the Isthmus without water storage is one of the wonders that has impressed me most about the Isthmus."

"Mr. Stevens and most of his associates have taken up their residence in Culebra, where the conditions are better than at Panama, and are much pleased with the change in location. They have now the advantage of a new town, with architecture suited to the climate, and good sewerage and water systems, as against the heavy buildings, narrow streets and oppressive atmosphere of Panama. There will be great improvement in Panama when the wide thoroughfare extending from the railroad station direct through the heart of the city to the harbor is completed. With the improvements in sewerage and water supply this thoroughfare will help make life much more worth living in that city."

"The railroad has handled a greatly increased amount of business recently, but its capacity is by no means equal to the demands upon it. When the process of double tracking is completed it will undoubtedly prove adequate, but until then there is not much chance that it will be able to handle with dispatch the passengers, the supplies and materials for the workmen and the other freight traffic and at the same time help in removal of material excavated from the bed of the canal."

"No, I do not care to state whether in my opinion the sea level canal or the \$5 toll canal will finally be adopted or when decision will be reached. There is, of course, no necessity of my restating my position, for I am on record with the President as favoring the \$5 toll level. But both Mr. Stevens and myself are anxious that a decision be made soon, in order that the work can be expedited more rapidly than at present."

Besides the secretary, there were present at the meeting Edward A. Drake, William Nelson Cromwell, Benjamin M. Harrod, M. F. Elliott, P. C. Harris and O. H. Ernst. The railroad is owned by the Government, and Mr. Taft, as holder of the Government's stock, voted 687 shares out of the total issue of 70,000. The only change in the board of directors was the election of W. Leon Pepperman, assistant chief in the office of Isthmian Canal affairs at Washington, who succeeds William Barclay Parsons. Mr. Parsons resigned because he is no longer connected with the Isthmian Canal Commission. All the rest of the directors have such national reputations.

The officers presented a financial report covering the ten months ending October 15, 1905, and a supplemental report which will be embodied with the former on its presentation by Secretary Taft to Congress. Setting off the business for the month of October, the report shows the following: Total railroad earnings, \$1,012,552.90 in 1905, as against \$1,010,348.80 in 1904; net earnings, \$488,922.44, against \$497,001.34; total steamship earnings, \$1,163,058.38, against \$930,750.30; net steamship earnings, \$58,730.11 against \$103,517.87; grand total earnings, \$3,577,611.81, against \$2,541,010.49; total expenses, \$2,319,838.62, against \$1,640,579.89; total net earnings, \$757,672.06, against \$900,519.21.

**WOMEN DEMOCRATS DINE.**

Mrs. Leese and Poem Features of Their Jefferson Celebration.

The Women's Democratic Club got ahead of the male organization in holding a Jefferson dinner this year. The women held theirs last night at the Hoffman House, with the true Jeffersonian simplicity. There wasn't any wine, and only a few men—just enough to provide one for each table.